What are the UN guidelines to curb mis/dis

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The UN has put forward several guidelines to curb misinformation and disinformation, aiming to promote international cooperation and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms. These guidelines include:

1. Building societal resilience and media and information literacy through lasting investment.
2. Encouraging companies to respect human rights, conduct human rights due diligence, increase transparency around their policies and practices relating to disinformation, engage with civil society, provide access to researchers, and grant users greater control of their online experiences.
3. Mitigating disinformation and misinformation at scale by internet communications companies through transparency, accountability, accessibility, and cooperation.
4. Protecting freedom of expression while strengthening communities' resilience to the threats posed by mis- and disinformation.
5. Countering misinformation and disinformation in crisis settings to prevent social divisions and mistrust in public institutions.

These guidelines emphasize the importance of transparency, accountability, and cooperation in countering misinformation and disinformation, while also highlighting the need to protect freedom of expression and promote media and information literacy.

Guidelines to Curb Mis/Disinformation by the UN
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These guidelines aim to promote international cooperation, protect human rights, and combat the spread of misinformation and disinformation.

Citations:
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The United Nations (UN) has a number of guidelines to curb mis/disinformation, including:

* **Protect freedom of expression.** The UN recognizes that freedom of expression is a fundamental human right, and that any restrictions on this right must be necessary and proportionate. However, the UN also recognizes that there are limits to freedom of expression, such as when it is used to spread hate speech or incite violence.
* **Promote media literacy and critical thinking.** The UN believes that it is important for people to be able to identify and evaluate information critically, in order to be able to distinguish between fact and fiction. The UN supports initiatives to promote media literacy and critical thinking, such as educational programs and training for journalists.
* **Support fact-checking and debunking.** The UN supports efforts to fact-check and debunk misinformation, such as the work of fact-checking organizations and social media platforms.
* **Promote transparency and accountability.** The UN believes that it is important for people to know who is producing and spreading misinformation, and to hold them accountable. The UN supports efforts to promote transparency and accountability, such as requiring social media platforms to disclose information about political advertising and to remove accounts that are spreading misinformation.
* **Address the root causes of mis/disinformation.** The UN believes that it is important to address the root causes of mis/disinformation, such as poverty, inequality, and lack of access to education. The UN supports initiatives to address these issues, such as promoting sustainable development and inclusive societies.

In addition to these general guidelines, the UN has also developed specific guidelines for tackling mis/disinformation in the context of elections, pandemics, and other crises.

Here are some examples of how the UN is working to implement these guidelines:

* **UNESCO** is working with governments, media organizations, and civil society groups to promote media literacy and critical thinking, support fact-checking and debunking, and promote transparency and accountability.
* **WHO** is working to counter misinformation about COVID-19 and other public health issues.
* **UNDP** is working to build resilience to mis/disinformation in conflict and post-conflict settings.
* **The UN Secretary-General's High-level Panel on Digital Cooperation** has developed a number of recommendations for tackling mis/disinformation, including the establishment of a global fund to support fact-checking and debunking, and the creation of a global code of conduct for social media platforms.

The UN's guidelines on mis/disinformation are still under development, as the UN continues to learn more about this complex and evolving issue. However, the UN's commitment to addressing mis/disinformation is clear, and the UN is working with a wide range of partners to implement its guidelines and make the internet a safer and more reliable source of information for everyone.